RANKL increases migration of human lung cancer cells through intercellular adhesion molecule-1 up-regulation

Li-Mien Chen¹,², Chia-Hua Kuo³, Tung-Yuan Lai⁴,⁵, Yueh-Min Lin⁶, Cheng-Chuan Su⁷, His-Hsien Hsu⁸, Fuu-Jen Tsai⁹, Chang-Hai Tsai⁹, Chih-Yang Huang⁵,¹⁰,¹¹,* Chih-Hsin Tang¹²,¹⁰,*

¹Center of General Education, Central Taiwan University of Science & Technology, Taichung, Taiwan
²Departments of Internal Medicine, Armed Force Taichung General Hospital, Taichung; Taiwan
³Laboratory of Exercise Biochemistry, Taipei Physical Education College, Taipei, Taiwan, ROC
⁴College of Chinese Medicine, School of Post-Baccalaureate Chinese Medicine, China Medical University, Taichung, Taiwan
⁵Department of Chinese Medicine, China Medical University Hospital, Taichung, Taiwan
⁶Department of Pathology, Changhua Christian Hospital, Changhua, Taiwan
⁷Departments of Clinical Pathology and Anatomic Pathology, Buddhist Dalin Tzu Chi General Hospital, Chiayi, Taiwan; and Department of Pathology, School of Medicine, Tzu Chi University, Hualien, Taiwan
⁸Division of Colorectal Surgery, Mackay Memorial Hospital, Taipei, Taiwan
⁹Department of Healthcare Administration, Asia University, Taichung, Taiwan
¹⁰Graduate Institute of Basic Medical Science, China Medical University and Hospital, Taichung, Taiwan
¹¹Department of Health and Nutrition Biotechnology, Asia University, Taichung, Taiwan
¹²Department of Pharmacology, School of Medicine, China Medical University and Hospital, Taichung, Taiwan

*: Author for Correspondence:
Chih-Hsin Tang
Department of Pharmacology, College of Medicine, China Medical University
No. 91, Hsueh-Shih Road, Taichung, Taiwan
Tel: (886) 4-22053366 Ext. 2228. Fax: (886) 4-22053764.
E-mail: chtang@mail.cmu.edu.tw
Chih-Yang Huang; E-mail: cyhuang@mail.cmu.edu.tw